

Pythagoras' theorem

A LEVEL LINKS

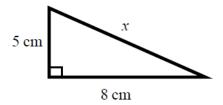
Scheme of work: 2a. Straight-line graphs, parallel/perpendicular, length and area problems

Key points

- In a right-angled triangle the longest side is called the hypotenuse.
- Pythagoras' theorem states that for a right-angled triangle the square of the hypotenuse is equal to the sum of the squares of the other two sides. $c^2 = a^2 + b^2$

Examples

Example 1 Calculate the length of the hypotenuse. Give your answer to 3 significant figures.



$$c^2 = a^2 + b^2$$

$$5 \text{ cm}$$

$$\frac{a}{b}$$

$$8 \text{ cm}$$

$$x^{2} = 5^{2} + 8^{2}$$

$$x^{2} = 25 + 64$$

$$x^{2} = 89$$

$$x = \sqrt{89}$$

$$x = 9.43398113...$$

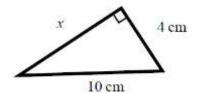
 $x = 9.43 \text{ cm}$

- 1 Always start by stating the formula for Pythagoras' theorem and labelling the hypotenuse *c* and the other two sides *a* and *b*.
- 2 Substitute the values of *a*, *b* and *c* into the formula for Pythagoras' theorem.
- **3** Use a calculator to find the square root.
- 4 Round your answer to 3 significant figures and write the units with your answer.





Example 2 Calculate the length *x*. Give your answer in surd form.



$$c^2 = a^2 + b^2$$

$$10^2 = x^2 + 4^2$$
$$100 = x^2 + 16$$

$$x^2 = 84$$

$$x = \sqrt{84}$$

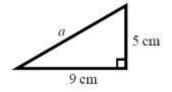
$$x = 2\sqrt{21}$$
 cm

- 1 Always start by stating the formula for Pythagoras' theorem.
- 2 Substitute the values of *a*, *b* and *c* into the formula for Pythagoras' theorem.
- 3 Simplify the surd where possible and write the units in your answer.

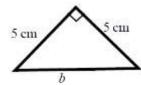
Practice

Work out the length of the unknown side in each triangle. Give your answers correct to 3 significant figures.

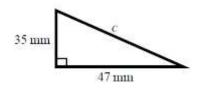
a



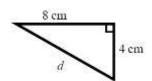
b



c

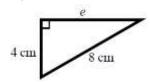


d

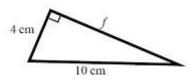


Work out the length of the unknown side in each triangle. Give your answers in surd form.

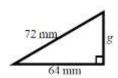
a



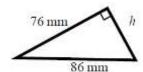
b



 \mathbf{c}



d

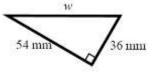




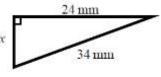


Work out the length of the unknown side in each triangle. Give your answers in surd form.

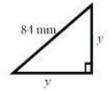
a



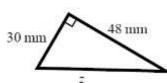
b



 \mathbf{c}



d



4 A rectangle has length 84 mm and width 45 mm. Calculate the length of the diagonal of the rectangle. Give your answer correct to 3 significant figures.

Hint

Draw a sketch of the rectangle.

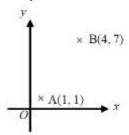
Extend

A yacht is 40 km due North of a lighthouse.
 A rescue boat is 50 km due East of the same lighthouse.
 Work out the distance between the yacht and the rescue boat.
 Give your answer correct to 3 significant figures.

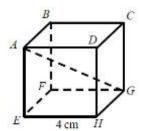
Hint

Draw a diagram using the information given in the question.

6 Points A and B are shown on the diagram. Work out the length of the line AB. Give your answer in surd form.



7 A cube has length 4 cm. Work out the length of the diagonal *AG*. Give your answer in surd form.







Answers

1 a 10.3 cm

b 7.07 cm

c 58.6 mm

d 8.94 cm

2 **a** $4\sqrt{3}$ cm

b $2\sqrt{21}$ cm

 $c = 8\sqrt{17} \text{ mm}$

d $18\sqrt{5}$ mm

3 **a** $18\sqrt{13}$ mm

b $2\sqrt{145}$ mm

c 42 $\sqrt{2}$ mm

d $6\sqrt{89}$ mm

4 95.3 mm

5 64.0 km

6 $3\sqrt{5}$ units

7 $4\sqrt{3}$ cm